How does the relationship between ambient deep-tropospheric vertical wind shear and tropical cyclone tornadoes change between coastal and inland environments?

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- Westerly vertical wind shear favors tornadoes in downshear half of TC due to (Schenkel et al. 2020):
  - 1. Enhancement of TC secondary circulation downshear (Black et al. 2002);
  - 2. Constructive superposition of ambient and TC winds (Molinari and Vollaro 2008).



- Inland TC encounters stronger vertical wind shear further concentrating tornadoes downshear due to:
  - 1. Further enhancement of TC secondary circulation downshear;
  - 2. Stronger superposition between ambient and TC winds;



- Inland TC encounters stronger vertical wind shear further concentrating tornadoes downshear due to:
  - 3. Interaction of TC with pre-existing baroclinic zone.



Does ambient vertical wind shear more strongly impact the number and location of inland TC tornadoes?

- **Hypothesis:** Ambient deep-tropospheric vertical wind shear is a key factor impacting the occurrence of inland tropical cyclone tornadoes;
- TC tornado data: Storm Prediction Center TC tornado data from 1995– 2019 (N=1304 Tornadoes, 90 TCs; Edwards 2010);
- Ambient deep-tropospheric vertical wind shear data: 850–200-hPa vertical wind shear (with TC wind field removed) averaged within 500 km of TC using ECMWF ERA-5 reanalysis data for all TCs from 1995–2019 (Davis et al. 2008);
- Coastline data: Defined using 1-km Global Self-consistent, Hierarchical, High-resolution Geography (GSHHG) data (Wessel and Smith 1996).

- Vertical wind shear magnitude: Based on terciles of vertical wind shear distribution for all Atlantic TCs;
  - Strong: >11.2 m s<sup>-1</sup>
  - Moderate: 6.8–11.2 m s<sup>-1</sup>
  - Weak: <6.8 m s<sup>-1</sup>
- **Coastal distance:** Based on terciles of TC tornado distance from coast;
  - Coastal: 0–23 km
  - Transition: 23–125 km
  - Inland: >125 km
- Analyze tornado number and location for TCs among these **nine** combinations of vertical wind shear and coastal distance regimes.









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# Influence on TC Tornado Location



 As TCs move inland, tornadoes are increasingly favored in outer regions over narrower range of downshear azimuths.

Schenkel, Coniglio, and Edwards (2021)

- Used TC tornado reports to investigate sensitivity of tornado number and location to ambient vertical wind shear in coastal versus inland environments;
- Our study concluded that:
  - 1. Tornadoes occur more frequently in strongly sheared TCs with increasing distance inland;
  - 2. Tornadoes become increasingly concentrated in outer radii of downshear quadrants with increasing distance inland.
- For more information: Schenkel, B. A., Coniglio, M., & Edwards, R. (2021). How Does the Relationship between Ambient Deep-Tropospheric Vertical Wind Shear and Tropical Cyclone Tornadoes Change between Coastal and Inland Environments?, *Weather and Forecasting*, **36**, 539–566.